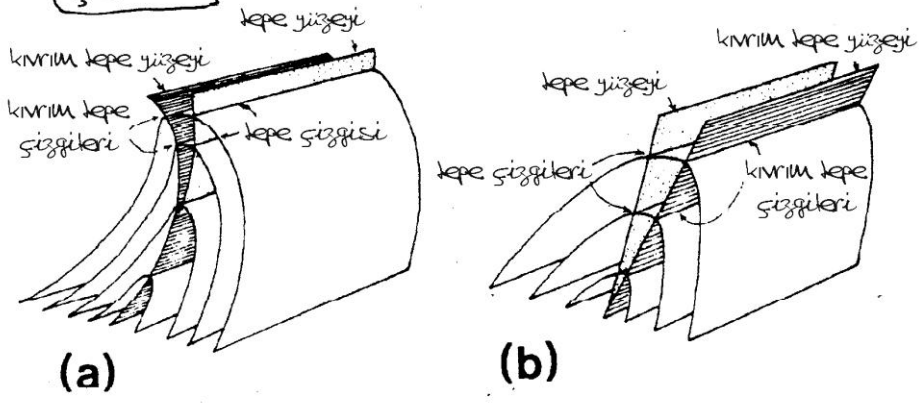
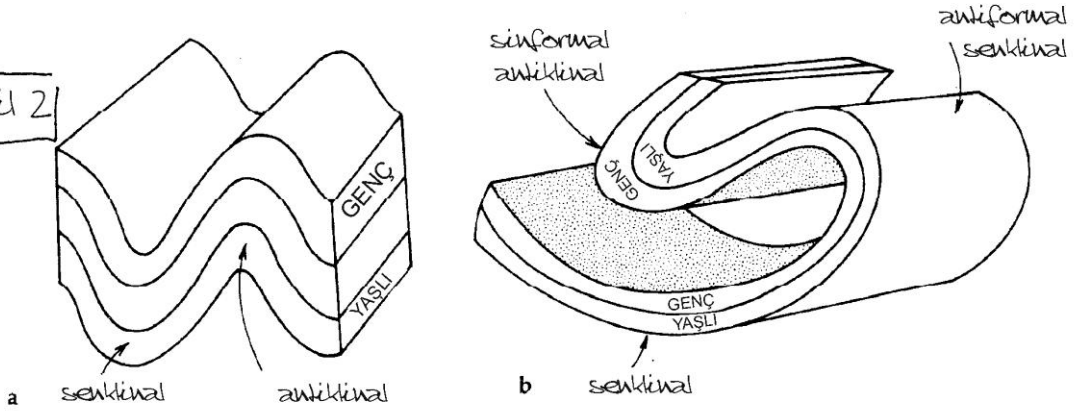


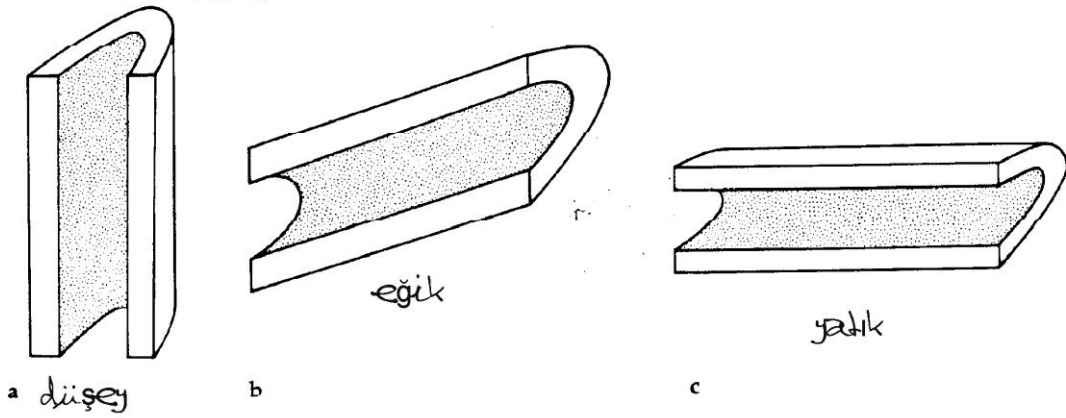
Şekil 1



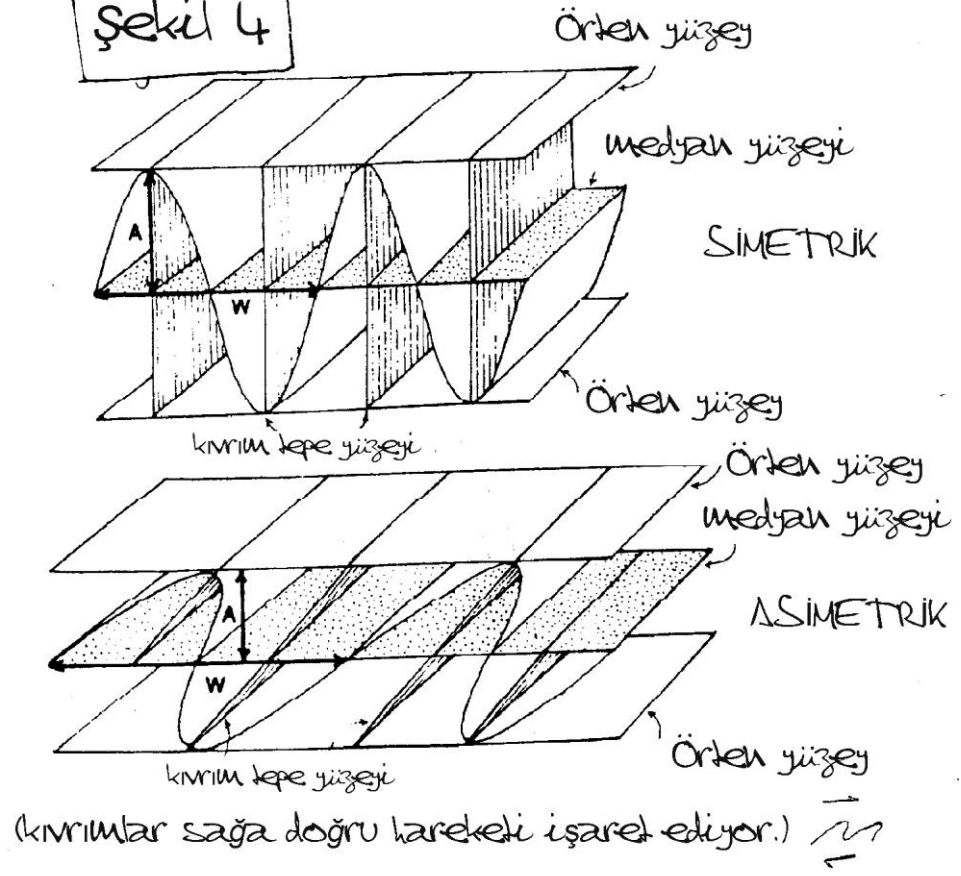
Şekil 2



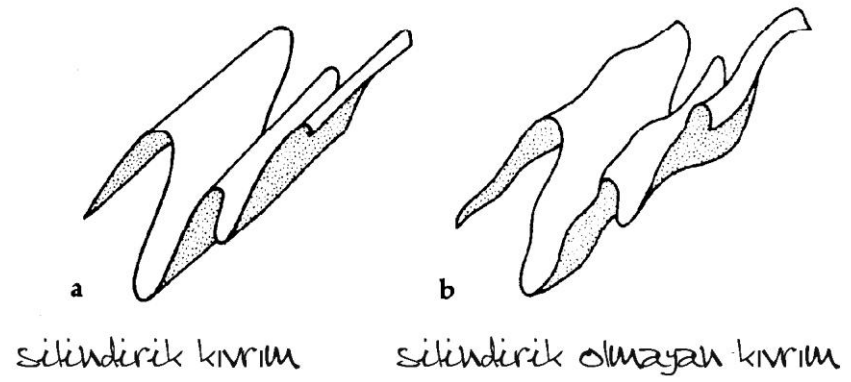
Şekil 3



Şekil 4



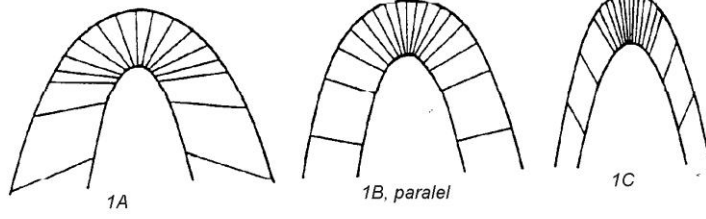
Şekil 5



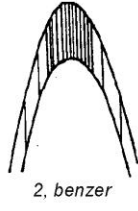
Şekil 6

KIVRIM SINIFLARI

Sınıf 1, yakınsayan izogonlar



Sınıf 2

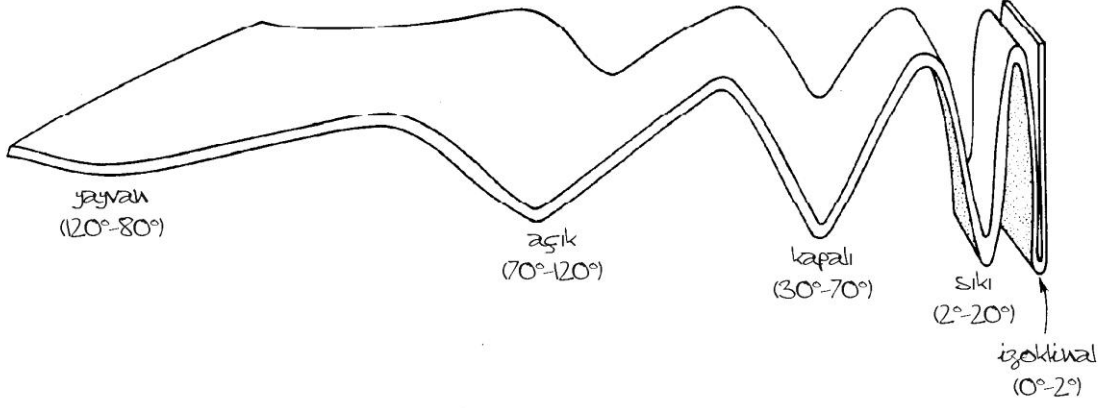


Sınıf 3, iraksayan izogonlar

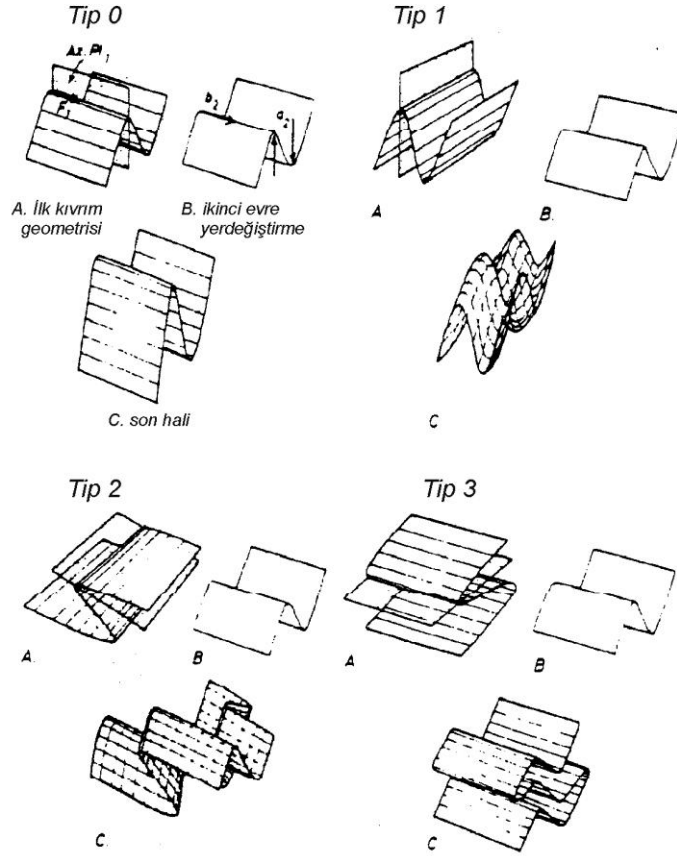


Şekil 7

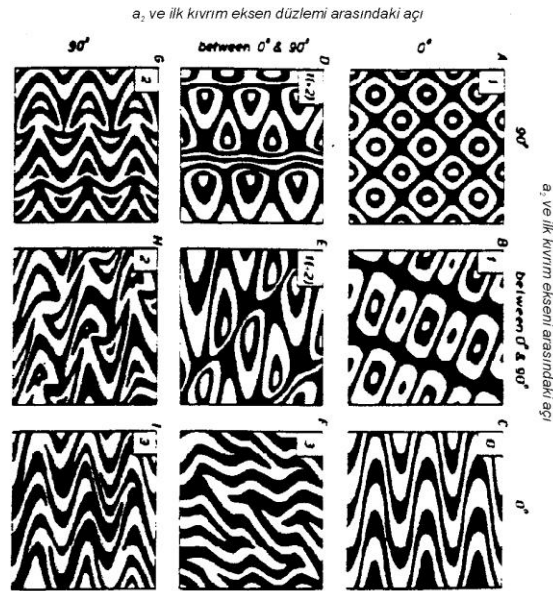
Daha fazla kıvrım sınıflaması



- şekil 8
Çok evreli kıvrımlanma

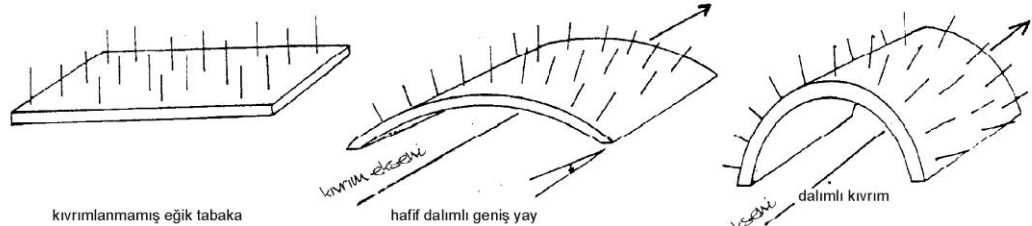


Şekil 22.15 Varolan kıvrım formları üzerine gelişen makaslama kıvrımlarının etkisiyle meydana gelen üç boyutlu kıvrım formlarının dört ana tipi.



Şekil 2.16 Şekil 22.15'te gösterilen formların yatay kesitinden meydana gelmiş iki boyutlu etkileşim desenlerine ait ana tiplerin özeti. Dört ana tip dokuz kutunun köşelerinde yer alır (A, C, G ve I). Ortadaki tipler B, D, E, F ve H kutularında gösterilmektedir (Ramsay, 1967'den değiştirilerek). Tip numaraları her kutunun sol üst köşesinde belirtilmiştir.

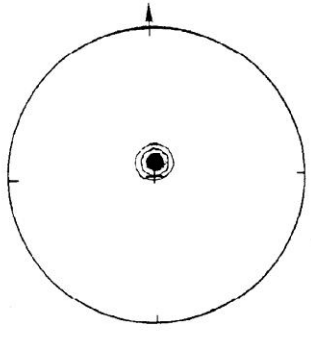
Şekil 9



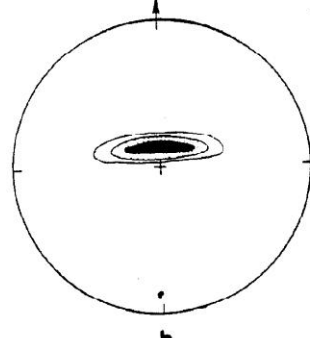
kıvrımlanmamış eğik tabaka

hafif dalımlı geniş yay

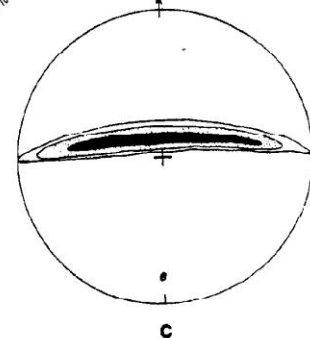
dalımlı kıvrım



a

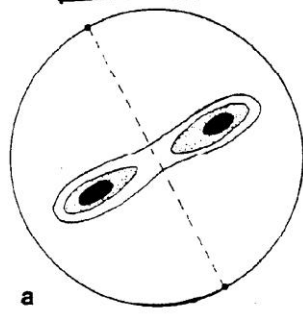


b



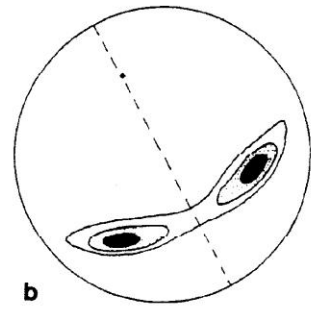
c

Şekil 10



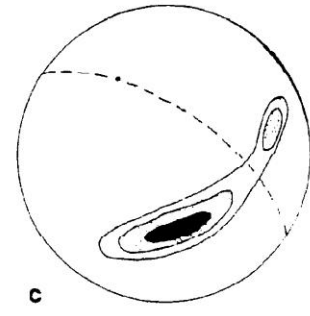
a

yatay normal kıvrım



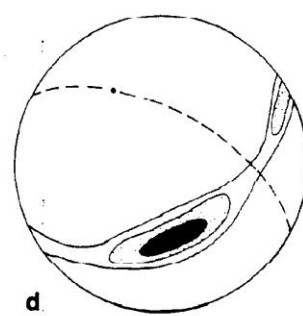
b

dalımlı normal kıvrım



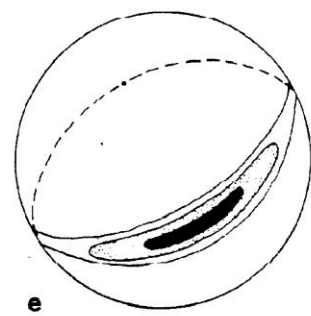
c

dalımlı eğik kıvrım



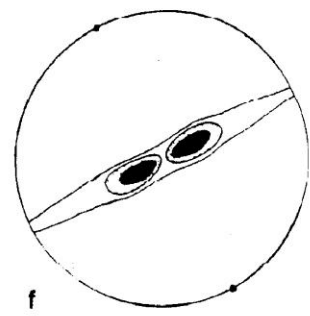
d

dalımlı devrik kıvrım



e

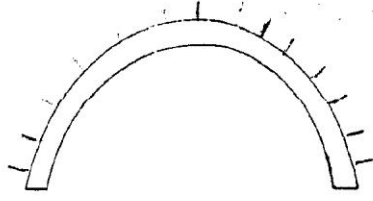
eğik kıvrım



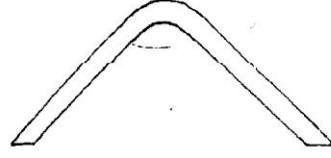
f

yatık kıvrım

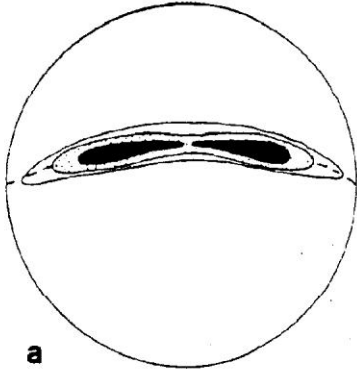
Şekil II



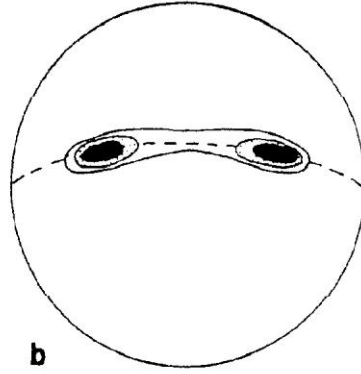
konsantrik kıvrım



dar bükümüne veya kıvrım tepe çizgisine sahip kıvrım



a



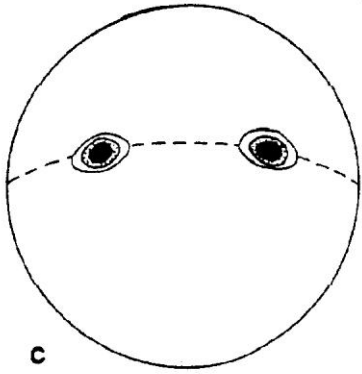
b



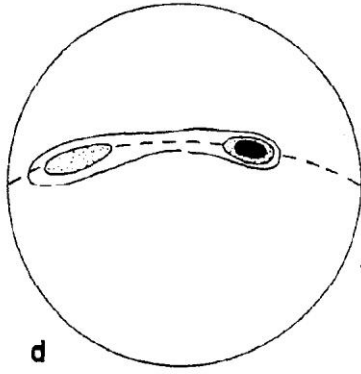
şevron kıvrım



asimetrik kıvrımlar



c



d