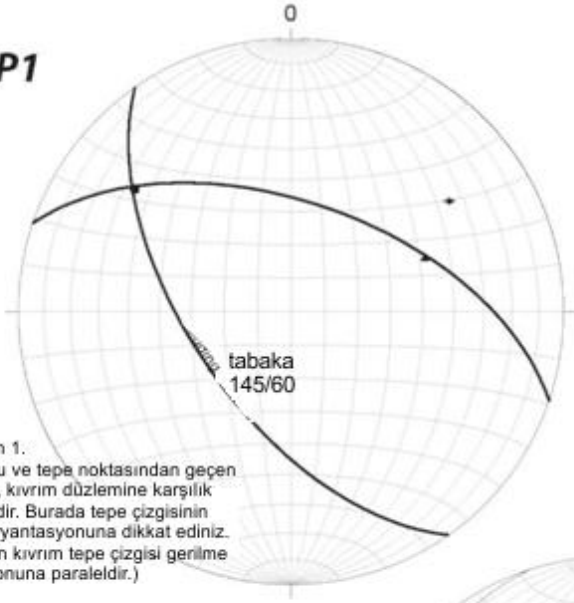


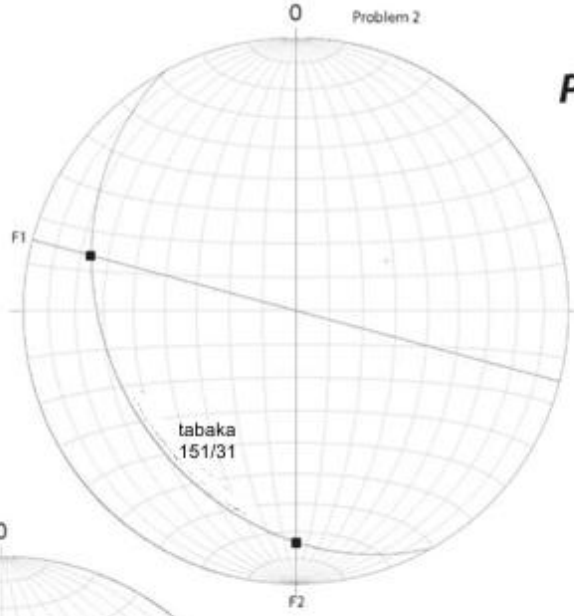
P1



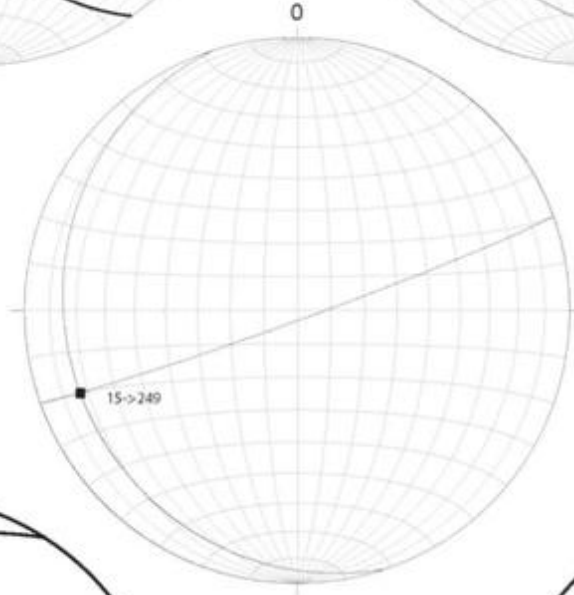
Problem 1.
Doğrultu ve tepe noktasından geçen
düzlem, kıvrım düzlemine karşılık
gelmelidir. Burada tepe çizgisinin
ilginç oryantasyonuna dikkat ediniz.
(Nadiren kıvrım tepe çizgisi genilme
lineasyonuna paraleldir.)

Problem 2

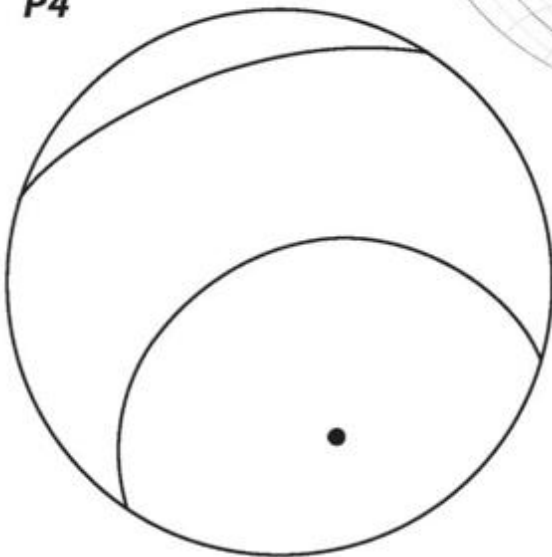
P2



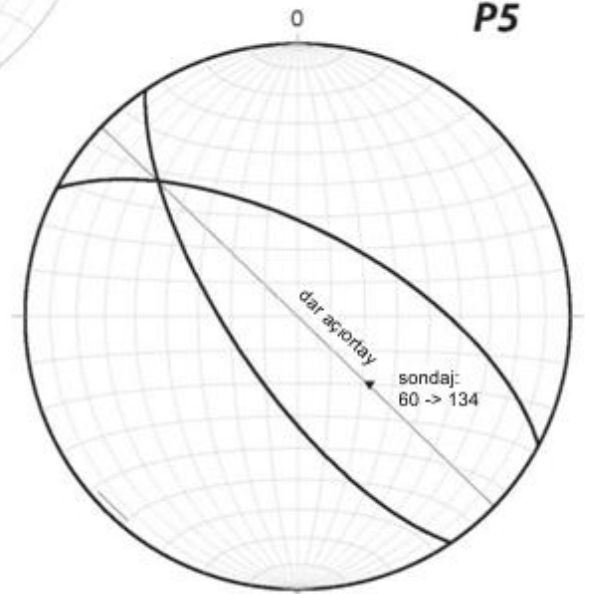
P3

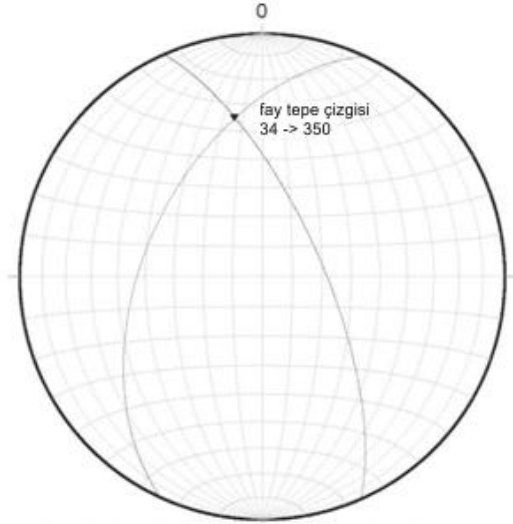
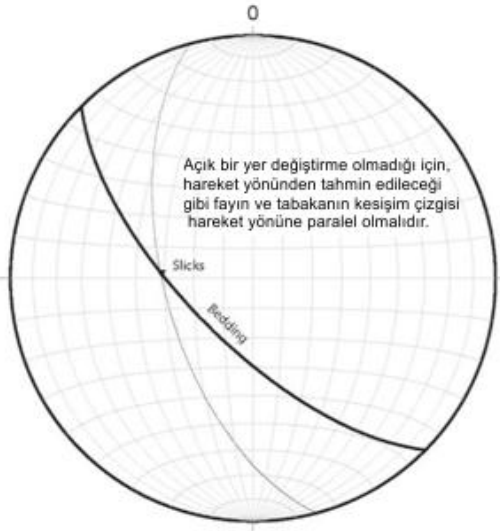


P4



P5





İki tabakanın doğrultusu kıvrımın antiklinal veya senklinal olduğu hakkında yeterli bir bilgi vermemektedir. Altaki kesit görüntülerini inceleyiniz.

